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To The Beaufort Sea Environmental
Assessment Panel - Volume Two Author:
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NT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES SUBMISSIONS TO THE BEAUFORT SEA **ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT PANEL -**

Sector: Mining/Oil/Energy

6-1-49 " Reference Material VOLUME TWO

Government of the Northwest Territories Beaufort Sea Environmental "Assessment' Panel" 9 8 1.

NWT **BSEAP GOVE** 1983

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GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES PARTICIPATION

IN THE NORTHERN OIL AND GAS ACTIVITIES PROGRAM: (NOGAP)

LORNE E. MATTHEWS

NOVEMBER 1983

A. INTRODUCTION

The Northern Oil and Gas Activities'. Program (NOGAP) is a Federally funded, joint Territorial/'Federal progam to prepare the Government of the NorthwestTerritories, Yukon Territorial Government and Federal Government departments for hydrocarbon in the north by funding 'research and planning projects. The information gained from the research and planning projects is intended to provide government.. with the basis for making sound decisions related to hydrocarbon development in the Beaufort. The program is coordinated by the Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development.

Since its inception, NOGAP has been criticized by GNWT because of its preoccupation with only the development or production phase of hydrocarbon activity and its complete disregard for the exploration phase, - the phase that is occurring right now and the phase that has since the early 1970's continued to place real demands on GNWT programs.

The NOGAP program rationale appears to be based on the beliefs that either there are no impacts created by hydrocarbon activities until the development or production stage occurs; or that if you focus on and solve the impacts which occur in the development phase then all previous exploration impacts are nullifed or ameliorated. The rationale is wrong because both beliefs are wrong; the GNWT program departments recognize it and the communities of Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik certainly recognize it.

The GNWT has felt from the outset that there are no panaceas; no grand solutions; when it comes to dealing with the impacts of hydrocarbon development. It does believe that the decisions made and lessons learned early on in the exploration stage create a solid base for dealing with the increased problems brought on during latter stages of hydrocarbon development. Without going through an iterative processit mayin fact be unrealistic to expect workable solutions to the problems and impacts of the hydrocarbon development phase.

GNWT and other participants attempted to have the scope of NOGAP broadened to include much more than hydrocarbon development and therefore to have research and planning funds made available to address the broader issues of resource development in the north. We have instead one more segmented approach to dealing with the issues of northern development, where the need for action and decision is based upon pressure from a particular project rather than on the active desire to develop good workable solutions to very complex problems and a range of issues.

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NOGAP is therefore certainly not the ideal planning and research vehicle but within the stated limitations the GNWT departments and regions support its thrust and will continue to participate fully in order to ensure that future government decisions on hydrocarbon development decisions can benefit to the greatest degree possible from GNWT and northern input.

B. STATUS

Under the NOGAP program, in fiscal year 1982-1983 the GNWT received \$320,000, only a small portion of the total requested. This funding was received late in the fall of the year and was allocated to fund a NOGAP coordinator, located in the Energy, Mines and Resources Secretariat and to undertake six wildlife studies proposed by the Department of Renewable Resources. The projects were approved by Federal officials, without benefit of consultation with GNWT staff and with no reference to GNWT project priorities. In December 1982, under the guidance of the newly funded NOGAP Coordinator, a list of GNWT projects for the years 1983-1984 to 1986-1987 was prepared and submitted.

Early in 1983, through the efforts of individual NOGAP Coordinators and the NOGAP (SARB) Secretariat within DIAND, major improvements in NOGAP began to take shape. A managment structure and multi-year funding mechanism were devised. The management mechanism would see GNWT project proposals presented with those of other participants to a Committee of Coordinators who would openly and collectively decide; based on criteria developed at the Senior Policy Committee; which projects should be

recommended to the Senior Policy committee for support. The resulting program of projects would then move up through the system via Cabinet and Treasury Board for funding approval, and finally execution by the sponsoring agency or territorial government. It should be pointed out that GNWT Executive Council priorities would be reflected in the package of GNWT projects forwarded to the Coordinators Committee thus ensuring the highest levels of GNWT support and commitment for the proposed projects.

In June 1983 the Senior policy Committee (SPC) recommended that the target date for government preparedness be shiftd from 1987 to 1991; thus greatly extending the NOGAP time frame to seven years. The SPC also decided that the development scenarios to be used as the basis for the NOGAP program were; a small diameter oil pipeline from the Delta to Norman Wells and a demonstration oil tanker route from a productions well in the Beaufort, east through the Northwest Passage.

In order to identify the critical near-term priorities of the GNWT in light of the scenarios, a priority setting exercise was undertaken involving the line departments, Inuvik Region, the Priorities and Planning Secretariat and the Energy, Mines and Resources Secretariat. The Exercise consisted of dividing all proposed projects into one of four categories identified by the DIAND coordinator; socio-economic, infrastructural, environment and archaeological. The GNWT chose to further categorize the

projects into one of three groups to help identity the degree of importance of that particular project to the ultimate task of decision making. This exercise included considerations such as: required lead time before development; Executive, Regional and Departmental priorities and the potential for application of the results of the proposed projects to the problems experienced during the exploration phase of development.

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Group 1 projects were those near-term and late near-term projects essential for policy development and preparation of recommendations for project terms and conditions.

Group 2 projects were projects which should be undertaken in the mid-term to enable government to meet its regulatory and policy responsibilites.

Group 3 projects were all those remaining projects which would enable government to meet its other less essential regulatory and policy responsibilities.

The proposed projects were categorized under near, late-near, mid and late-term and the twenty one projects in the near and late-near-term categories were priorized according to the ratings received, while the remaining projects were not priorized.

This $package_r$ respreses nting a GNWT request for \$13.6 million over the 7 year NOGAP program time frame, received Executive Council support in early September 1983 and was

subsequently presented for vetting at the NOGAP Coordinators

Committee on September 8th. (See Appendix 1 GNWT Sumbission and letter of transmittal).

The NOGAP Coordinators, each representing their respective department and governments concluded that, with a few minor deletions, and amalgamations of several programs the GNWT submissions should be allocated \$12.3 million over the 7 year Program (See Appendix 2 for revised summary of GNWT NOGAP programs as approved by the Coordinator's Committee).

The various submissions approved at the NOGAP Coordinators meeting are in the process of being aggregated into a single Cabinet Submission by the DIAND SARB Secretariat.

Although the GNWT is not privy to the final Cabinet Document because of its Secret classification, we are told that the document could be completed and a decision made by Cabinet by early December.

c. RECOMMENDATIONS

Given that the NOGAP system is the system chosen by the Federal Government to address the planning and research requirements for hydrocarbon development in the Beaufort:

-The GNWT, within the concerns stated earlier, supports the present systematic approach of developing, vetting, formalizing and funding research and planning projects on a multi-year planned basis.

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-The GNWT charges DIAND to continue with this system and to make further improvements in it to increase its

responsiveness to participating agencies/territorial

governments.

-The GNWT supports DIAND's role as coordinator of territorial governments Federal departments and on NOGAP issues.

-The GNWT calls upon the EARP Panel to urge the Federal the present Government to and encourage support multi-agency, multi-governmental/departmental mechanism and provide funding over the program time span to enable effective program management to be carried out. -The GNWT calls upon the EARP Panel to urge the Federal Government to continue to follow systematic approaches (such as NOGAP in the Hydrocarbon area) to address

more responsive to regional concerns.

-The GNWT calls upon the Federal Government to further GNWT in carrying out its program support responsibilities related to resource development and to take the necessary actions to ensure that funding is available to carry out these responsibilities.

national problems and issues in the future and to be

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Territories Energy, Mines and Resources Secretariat

2 September 1983

Mr. David Head,
Secretary,
NOGAP Senior Advisory and Review Board,
Department of Indian & Northern Affairs,
10 Wellington Street,
HULL, PQ.
K1A 0H4

Dear Mr. Head:

GNWT Submission: 1984-85 to 1990-91 Inclusive NOGAP Research and Planning Requirements

Please find attached the GNWT submission under NOGAP for research and planning requirements for the 7 year period 1984-1991 inclusive. The projects submitted and their relative priorities have been approved by the Executive Council.

The emphasis of the Government of the Northwest Territories in the near-term, will be on projects which provide critical information for policy development and decision-making for recommending terms and conditions under which development projects should proceed to protect the physical and social environment and increase the benefits to Northerners from hydrocarbon development. This category of projects will assist in developing guidelines for both industry and government planning, and includes guidelines for collecting baseline data for monitoring developments , policy development related to new communities , identifying issues related to boom-bust cycles and identifying mitigative measures to alleviate the negative aspects of such cycles, and assessing decision-making requirements related to environmental and social services responsibilities. In addition, and social services responsibilities. certain projects which are critical to meeting major legislated responsibilities may be required to be undertaken in the near-term to meet an early target date of government preparedness, or are required early because they are particularly relevant to addressing issues in the exploration as well as construction and production phases of development.

Government of the Northwest Territories, Yellowknife, N.W.T. Canada X1A 2L9/Telex. C34-45531

The mid-term emphasis of the GNWT within the NOGAP program is on projects related to planning to meet significant regulatory and policy responsibilities which are likely to require substantial innovation because of hydrocarbon development and the collection of baseline data in accordance with established guidelines. This category includes projects to provide information for adjustments in the social services program to cope with a changing social environment, and baseline data and mitigative measures for addressing <code>socio-economic</code> environmental, <code>infrastructural</code> and <code>archaeological</code> concerns. Generally, these projects will be planning initiatives and are therefore appropriately considered after guidelines are established. The target date for government preparedness that is chosen will influence the number of projects in the mid-term category that must be started in the early years.

The emphasis in the latter part of the program will be on preparing to meet other regulatory and policy responsibilities where the consequences of lack of preparedness are less severe or do not require long lead times. This will include planning to meet, in an efficient and effective manner, volume increases in demand for public services due to the rapid increase in population.

While NOGAP is clearly oriented to research and planning for the production phase of hydrocarbon development many of the impacts which the GNWT anticipates in that phase are being experienced now during exploration. It must be stressed however that the GNWT has requested but not received additional funding to cover these impacts which create extraordinary demands on existing GNWT resources. Instead the GNWT is forced to reallocate its already limited resources resulting in reduced effectiveness of the host programs in trade for only the most rudimentary capability in actually meeting or defining those impacts.

Yours sincerely,

Lorne Matthews, "
Regional Planning Advisor

S UMMARY - 1-OTAL GNWT 7 YEAR PROGRAM

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

1984-85 TO 1990-91

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES	1984-85	RESE 1985-86	ARCH & PLANNING 1986-87	RESOURCE 1987-08	REQUIREMENT 1988-89	TS 1989-98	1998-91
REQUIREMENT BY PROJECT NPE:	PY \$888'S	PY \$600'S	PY \$080'S	PY \$000's	PY \$999'S	PY 898'S	PY\$886'S
NEAR TERM PROJECTS (PERSON YEARS) (\$000'S)	14.5 1733.9	13.5 1630.6	11.5 1274.8	11.5 1276.1	9 1096.3	7 1016	4.5 696
LATE NEAR TERM PROJECTS (PERSON YEARS) (\$000'S)		6 ?35	6 657	5 464	3 319		
MID TERM PROJECTS (PERSON YEARS) (\$000'S)		2.6 304.5	3.3 573	4.3 434	4.3 507.5	3.5 445.5	85
LATE TERM PROJECTS (PERSON YEARS) (\$808'S)			1 64			1 67	.7 45
TOTAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENT (PERSON YEARS) (\$000'S)	14.5 1733.9	22.1 2870.1	21.8 2568.8	20.8 2176.1	16.3 1922.8	11.5 1528.5	5.2 826

TOTAL PERSON YEAR REQUIREMENTS WER THE 7 YEAR PROGRAM = 112,2 (many of these are contracts/consultants)
TOTAL DOLIAR REQUIREMENTS WER THE 7 YEAR PROGRAM = \$13,626,209

PROJECT: **NEAR TERM**

PRIORITY: 1

TITLE: GNWT NOGAP COORDINATOR

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - Energy, Mines and Resources Secretariat

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OBJECTIVE:

To establish, pursuant to Cabinet request and DIAND'sestabli shed coordinating process for the Northern Hydrocarbon Planning Strategy and GNWT's mandate and responsibility for design and implementation of social, economic and environmental policies and programs for the NUT, a process and structure to coordinate and GNWT departmental and regional involvement in the seven year NOGAP socio-economic, environmental and technical planning and research program; to support governmental responsibilities; and, to ensure its preparedness. to deal with northern hydrocarbon production during the early 1990's.

The program will ensure the provision of information critical to effective decision making on northern hydrocarbon proposals.

DESCRIPTION:

The program will require the establishment of a position to coordinate GNWT participation in NOGAP. The position will be based in Yellowknife, and will report to the Regional Planning Advisor, Energy Mines and Resources Secretariat who in return reports to the Secretary. The Secretary of the GNWT on the Senior Policy Committee (SPC) and the Senior Advisor?' and Review Board (SARB).

The Coordinator will:

- coordinate and evaluate priorities, work plansand submissions. for program and fundingrequests to Treasury Boardthrough the DIAND Secretariat:
- monitor and evaluate program implementation and operations;

coordinate the preparation of quarterly reports on the status of GNWT programs sponsored under the strategy and the application of approved funds;

- coordinate the preparation of annual reports summarizing the results of the program:
- identify and update the ongoing programming and budgetary requirements and submissions to support effective GNWT involvement for inclusion in annual Cabinet submissions;

- keep the GNWT Executive Committee, Senior Management structures, departments and Regions informed of the Northern Hydrocarbon Planning Strategy;
- advise and recommend on program requirements to ensure GNWT concerns on Northern Hydrocarbon development are addressed effectively;
- liase with DIAND secretariat staff and other federal departmental and territorial coordinators as required to ensure optimum GNWT participation; and
- coordinate GNWT involvement in NOGAP by utilizing and reinforcing existing GNWT decision making mechanisms for priority setting, program approvals, budget approved, and policy development to ensure that approved work plans are consistent with GNWT priorities and objectives.

MILESTONES:

- individual GNWT project submission identifying departmental and regional research and planning requirements under NOGAP,
- an annual submission which represents comprehensive GNWT research and planning requirements in support of NOGAP.
- a comprehensive package of interim and final reports for each project funded under NOGAP,

EXPECTED RESULTS:

- a broad objective GNWT approach is taken which accommodates the concerns of participating departments and regions in preparing, implementing and evaluating work programs and budgets.;
- overlaps and/orgapsin work programs are eliminated;
- the GNWT is kept up to date on the totalfederal government program and that changesor adjustments in the federal priorities can be clearly articulated and accommodated;
- resulting information and decisions are made available in a timely and consistent manner to appropriate interests;
- the work programs proceed and funds are expended within the constraints, of the policy; and

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 in 1 inewith the intent of the Resource Development Policy, the GNWT participates as an active partner in developing useful and necessary input required for future decisions on Northern Hydrocarbon production.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

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The funding of a coordinator is critical to the identification, operation and evaluation of all subsequent GNWT projects under NOGAP. Without a coordinator the GNWT cannot participate adequately in the research and planning required for effective decision making on northern hydrocarbon issues.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

This project would require a term position for the 7 years of the NOGAP program. Other O & M requirements would be for travel, accomodation, and communications.

annually 1984 - 1985 through 1990 - 1991

annually 1984 - 1985 through 1990 - 19 salary - \$45,000

0 & M - \$20,000

total - %65,00(3

PROJECT: NEAR TERM

PROGRAM: 2

TITLE: FUNDS FOR TUKTOYAKTUK AND INUVIK COUNCILS TO IDENTIFY

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IMPACTS AND PLAN FOR DEVELOPMENT

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: LOCAL GOVERNMENT

OBJECTIVES:

To ensure that the Hamlet of Tuktoyaktuk and the town of Inuvik can prepare for and deal with the municipal impacts resulting from Beaufort development to permit the Hamlet and town to identify and plan for additional required infrastructure; to allow the Hamlet to put in place planning controls to regulate development within the community.

DESCRIPTION:

The Beaufort EIS anticipates Tuktoyaktuk could grow from 750 persons to 1,200 in 1990 and 2,000 in the year 2000 and while Inuvik could grow from 3000 persons to 10,000 in 1990 and 20,000 by the year 2000. Exploration activities have already had significant impact on both communities and increasing industrial activity will place additional service and expansion demands on them. Neither Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik has the resources that are necessary to plan for the municipal impacts that will result from this type of growth. Both communities must undertake a great deal of research and planning if they are to be successful in dealing with the impacts and in contrail ing the growth resulting from hydrocarbon development. The Department does not have the resources that are required by the two communities. Funds must be made available to each community to hire new staff and undertake special studies so that the necessary planning can be done prior to the growth of the community. The following represents an estimate of the resources that are required by the Hamlet.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

This money will be treated as an inter-governmental transfer to both Tuk and Inuvik. The proposed local government projects to study Financing and Provision of Infrastructure in Rapidly Growing Communities (priority #7) and research into Land Development in Rapidly Growing Communities (priority #18) will complement the efforts of the Council to plan for and manage growth because GNWT policy will be clearly established in regard to municipal infrastructure. GNWT Policy will therefore reduce the uncertainty facing municipal i ties when planning for the future.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

\$64,000 is required in both. Tuk and Inuvik annually from 1984/s to 1999/91 to fund a Community Development Coordinator for each The positions would coordinate the analysis of industries development plans and community impacts. They would also define areas requiring study and supervise the conduct of municipal planning studies and general development plan amendments. A well, they would provide advice and recommendations to council o general development options and specific development proposals, \$53,000 is required from 1984/ to 1990/91 for Tuktoyaktukt undertake special studies and research in order to plan, manage and regulate within the municipal boundaries. Example of suc studies in Tuk include: the major question as to the relocation of the entire community to the other side of the harbour and the second major question as to the extent of population growth and expansion which the hamlet wishes to accommodate because of Beaufort development .\$53,000 is also required in 1984/85 +or Inuvik to undertake a similar program of special studies and research in order to be in a position to plan, manage and regulate development wi thin the municipal boundaries. Examples of such studies for Inuvik are the identification and integration of industrial and residential expansion requirements due to Beaufort development; planning for the development of the harbour front on the MacKenzie River and regulation of reverted the preservation of the cultural aspects of the community while progressive industrial expansion occurs due to Beaufort development; and assessment of the 25 year old utilidor system with recommendations for' the most appropriate method of providing these services. In Inuvik funding requirements for the special studies program WOUld increase according to the pace of development as follows:

\$53,000 in 1985/86 \$107,000 in 1986/87 \$107,000 in 1987/88 \$133,000 in 1935/59 \$160,000 in 1989/90 \$160,000 in 1990/91

\$80,000 is required for Tuk in 19s%'"8s to study how the municipality should best be organized in light of expanded responsibilities and stafflevels. Community growth and expansion will bring with it a requirement for additional services, new staff, improved administrative procedures and streamlined hand ing of issues at council level. This study would permit changes to keep pace with development.

%107,000 is required for Tuk in 1986/87 to undertake a program to update and revise the community land use plan in 1 ight of new development plans by industry and current priorities of the council.

\$53,000 is required for Inuvik in 1986/87 to study how the

municipal ity should best be organized and structured in light of expanded responsibili ties and staff levels.

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Finally, Inuvik requires \$80,000 in 1987/88 to undertake a programme to update and revise the community 1 and use plan in light of new development plans by industry and current priorities of the Council.

Resources required by both Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik will therefore provide for a Community Development Coordinator and enable special studies, municipal organization studies and a community plan update to be carried out; all necessary activities in the face of hydrocarbon development.

As the result of current exploration activities and future Beaufort development the Tuktoyaktuk Council has a number of major isues currently before it. These include the possible relocation of the entire community to the other side of the harbour, to what extent does the Hamlet wish to accommodate expansion in the community because of Beaufort development, and what would the nature of and relationship between industrial and residential expansion be.

Until such questions are resolved, there will remain considerable amount of uncertainty and potential for conflict between industrial development plans and community desires and Priorities in Tuk.

The provision of adequate funding to the Tuk Council to undertake planning in the near term will resolve issues which may if left unresolved hamper Beaufort development. Funding the municipal ity to establish logical development policies and regulating mechanisms which will encourage controlled and orderly development.

Funding for Inuvik Council is marginally less critical than for Tuktoyaktuk because the Council has greater opportunity to raise local revenues to commence planning for Beaufort development.

Funding for Inuvik in 1983/84 is still very important! especially considering the funding for council's current technical advisor may end this year after the BSEAPhearings are completed. The advisor is currently funded by FEARO.

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PROJECT: NEAR TERM.

PRIORITY: 3

TITLE: SOCIAL SERVICES BASE STUDY

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT- DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

OBJECTIVE:

 assess the Department of Social Services' ability to cope with the effects of development;

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- assess impacted communities' ability to handle effects of development;
- develop indices of socialchangein communities;
- establish basel ine data using those indices;
- gather data on an ongoing basis;
- identify other research and planning required in future years.

DESCRIPTION:

This is a base planning project. We do not have baseline data of social change beyond Financial Assistance, Children in Care and data on persons in Correctional Centres, or on Probation or Parole. Other indicators for social change such as in the areas of mental health, alcaholuse, drug use, must be identified and arrangements made to collect received data. The base] ine data collection is already long overdue.

This data collection is part of a proces of determining:

- what are the changing needs for Social Services in each impacted community, and
- how the Department can best deliver current services especially statutory services, to each impacted community, and
- develop a plan for meeting thoseneeds.

In the course of this work, further research and planning requirements will become evident. It is anticipated that as development proceeds through its various stages, needs will change in various communities at different times since communities go through different stages of development at different times. Thus, this "community" and departmental planning effort will require updating and modification. It must be remembered that although the NOGAP exercise calls for a 1990

Target Date of Government Preparedness, impacts on community and people are already well underway.

This work will be carried out by term staff and consultants will work with senior regional Social Services staff community Social Service workers and also draw on a variety community input in identifying needs and planning services.

RELATIONSHIP TOOTHER PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS:

This project is basic to delivering Social Services under the rapidly changing social conditions of resource development. Supplanning is required in order to avoid inadequate, inefficient and chaotic del i very of statutory services, let alone services that it is the stress of rapid change.

MILESTONES:

within one month of funds becoming available - hire staff.

within nine months of funds becoming available - have data indices identified and data collection organized,

within one year of funds becoming available - have establi shed study proces with regional staff and reviewed communities perceptions of recent developments in MacKenzie Valley, especially Norman Wells for application to the Beaufort.

within two years of funds available - have preliminary plan for deployment of Department of Social Services resources. Research staffwill specialize in specific areas of program delivery.

within three years of funds avail able - have established communities' perceptions of needs and developed, with the communities, plans for meeting needs and solving problems. Identification of requirements for integration and modification of departmental delivery of services plan.

within four years of funds available, have identified other research and planning and identified short-term services deli very plan modifications to meet changing needs. Have identified long-term services delivery plan. Research projects will be developed and carried out within this mandate and wi 1 1 form the base for implementation in the Regions.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

					\$000
iht.		P.Y.	Salary	0 & M	Total
nc -f	1984/85	1.5	7 5	135	210
of	1985/86	3	1 50	220	378
	1986/87	3	150	220	370
	1987/88	4	200	330	530
	1988/89	4	200	330	530
	1989/90	4	200	330	530
10 -6	199e/91	1.5	75	135	210

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OJECT: NEAR TERM

NORITY: 4

TLE: GUIDELINES FOR PLANNING

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT RENEWABLE RESOURCES

OBJECTIVE:

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Background research and evaluation of land use programs and resource development scenarios is required to achieve the following objectives:

To develop policy guidelines which provide spec fic decision-making criteria for the use of land and defined renewable resource use options.

- To develop an integrated system for the management and coordination of required studies for planning and predictive impact assessment.
- To develop specific guidelines and mitigative measures for protecting renewable resource use potentials.

DESCRIPT IO N:

This activity is required to expand the governments policy base and decision making criteria related to environmental management issues. Pol icy guidelines and criteria specifically directed at the use of land and renewable resources are essential before management programs, which represent the broad array of interjurisdictional and public interest, can be implemented.

This project would ensure that current information is organized and analyzed for decision-making and that necessary information is collected in other NOGAP projects. A comparative analysis, between other land use programs and the present development scenario's will assist in defining policy goals. This study will contribute to a sound understanding of those environmental management issues associated with Beaufort Sea Oil and Gas development and provide direction required in developing the necessary policy quidelines which will ensure that non-renewable resources development occurs in an acceptable manner.

MILESTONES:

While policy development activities are ongoing requirements? milestones will be determined through the preparation of those i terns identified in the objectives, their testing and application. It is anticipated that the required work outlined above can be completed over a four year period.

- discussion of the possible management strategies available to a community council to deal with community impacts;
- training in the implementation of management strategies and regulatory mechanisms, and;

training to generally upgrade managerial and technical skills required to deliver improved and expanded services necessitated by development.

This training program could also be used to assist departmental and GNWT staff in the management of community impacts and i saud that arise because of Beaufort development.

This project is needed in the near term to establish a solic foundation in which Council and municipal administrators can build for future years when dealing with resource development issues. Adequately trained municipal staff is a necessity in local governments are going to cope with Beaufort development, Since enhanced skills are required at the time that development occurs; it is esential that the training opportunities be provided well in advance of development.

RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

This program when combined with the proposed project, to Community Councils and Staff to identify impacts and plan for development (priority 6) would result in a full person-year being located in the Inuvik region to assist community councils. Training opportunities for staff and councillors prior to development are essential for community governments to deal effectively and confidently with Impacts. Failure to improve these skills will result in an increased reliance on the resources of senior levels of government and will enode the decision making capabilities of the community governments.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

\$58,500 is required in 1984/85 and in 1985/86. This would provide \$30,000.00 for half a person year to deliver the training materials, \$20,000.00 in each of the first two years for production of training packages and presentation materials and \$8,500.00 per year for travelexpenses.

\$43,000.00 would be required for each subsequent year from 19s5/"s7 to 15'98/"71 comprising \$30,000.00 per year forhalf a person year for delivery of training materials and \$5,000.00 per year fortraining materials, and \$8,000.00\$ for travel expenses.

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PROJECT: NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 6

TITLE:

TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO COMMUNITY COUNCILS AND STAFF

TO IDENTIFY IMPACTS AND PLAN FOR DEVELOPMENT.

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT DEPARTMENT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

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oBJECTIVES:

iental Ssue: To ensure the Inuvik regional office of the Department of Local Government can adequately respond to the increasing needs of municipal i ties for technical advice and assistance to deal with community impacts.

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Ing }≤. **DESCRIPTION:**

Community councils and their staff in addition to training programs and workshops, require support and advice on a day-to-day basis an issues related to the operation and administration of community governments being impacted by Beaufort development. This staff person would act as the 1 iason and co-ordinators for the communities of Tuktoyaktuk (i tern 4) and Inuvik (item 5). This position would provide the same support service to the other communities in the region being impacted by Beaufort development.

Since one man year can not be justified for each of these communities this would seem the most appropriate way to ensure that these communities have the support and assistance they need to deal effectively with the administration of their communities. Existing departmental resources in the Inuvik region cannot provide this level of support and expertise.

A specialist position in the Inuvik region is required to work with communities on a frequent basis to provide them with the necessary information and skills to undertake effective municipal management. When combined with the proposed project to develop and to deliver training programs (priori ty 5) this results in the need for one person year in the Inuvik region for a Regional Training and Development Officer who has a special knowledge of resource development.

Technical assistance is currently being provided to resource communities such as Norman Wells and Tuktoyaktuk but on a very limited scale and at the expense of other responsibilities and communities. Inuvik and Tuktoyaktuk will be most directly impacted and therefore have ahighpriority, following which, as soon as possible, the same services should be provided to the other impacted communities.

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RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

The Inuvik regional office requires a specialist position to with municipalities on an ongoing basis to provide assistance how to plan, prepare and manage the municipal impacts that will be associated with Beaufort development. As well as acting the sacting development co-ordinator for the positions of community development co-ordinator in Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik, both to funded as near-term projects, this position would provide the same services to communities in the region not having a community development co-ordinator. This program would identify the new for special studies in other communities which would in turn to funded in later years through NOGAP.

RESOURCES RESQUIRED:

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\$37,000.00 will be required per year from 1984/85 through 1990/9{ for one half person-year, Over the same period \$5,000.00 will be required for travel .

PROJECT: NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 7

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990/91 ill be TITLE: RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT ON THE FINANCING AND

PROVISION OF MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE IN RAPIDLY

GROWING COMMUNITIES.

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT

OBJECTIVE:

 to ensure all levels of government and industry understand their roles and responsibilities with respect to the provision and financing of municipal infrastructure.

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to ensure municipalities and the Department of Local Government have appropriate mechanisms in place, prior to Beaufort development, to provide the municipal infrastructure that is necessary to accommodate the population growth.

DESCRIPTION:

Resource communities are faced with the problems of providing an enlarged infrastructure base (eg. new roads, water/sewer systems and recreational facilities) in a very short period of time before new residents or workers begin to move into the community. In tax-based municipalities this infrastructure is usually required before the municipality has an industrial tax-base to support the necessary capital projects. This time lag problem is further compounded if the industrial tax-base is located outside the municipality and therefore tax revenue will flow to a jurisdiction that does not have to provide community infrastructure for the new residents (eg.shorebase@ipelines and production facilities located outside Inuvik and Tuktoyaktuk).

In non-tax-based municipal i ties the GNWT has 1 imited resources to finance capital projects that are required in rapidly growing communities.

Other problems. related to provision of capital infrastructure include who should bear the risk of providing infrastructure in a boom/bust economy: the limited administrative and technical capability of municipalities and the GNWT to plan, design and manage the construction of a large number of capital projects in a very short period of time and finally should infrastructure be provided for peak construction population or the permanent long term population.

Theseissues must be resolved prior to the infrastructure being required if the communities are to have adequate levels of

services available to them during times of rapid growth.

The Department needs to undertake a study, to determine he capital infrastructure can be provided and financed communities experiencing a rapid and large expansion of their infrastructure because of Beaufort hydrocarb municipal development. The study WOUld include a review of how other jurisdictions have dealt with the issue; and identification possible options to solve the issues; and development of new η_{\bullet} revised programs and/or grant structures by the Department. Issues include: who should pay for the provision of municipal capital projects that are required by resource development (eg., municipality, GNWT, federal government or industry); who should provide the municipal capital projects that are required b_{ls} development (e.g. municipality, GNWT, industry and resource non-profit development corporation); how should municipal infrastructure projects be undertaken (eg. who decides when the infrastructure is required); how can the risk of providing infrastructure in a boom/bust economy be reduced for infrastructure in a boom/bust economy be reduced for municipalities, and finally hOW can municipalities. acquire a sufficient tax-base to cover long term operating costs if a large part of the industrial tax-base is outside the municipal boundary.

Policy direction on the provision of municipal infrastructure is needed as soon as possible to allow industry and other levels of government to take such policies into account during their planning for Beaufort development. For example industry before making any decisions on where to locate new employees will need to know such questions as who will pay for the infrastructure, how will the provided and when will the provided.

A minimum of three years is usually required before major municipal infrastructure can be planned, designed and constructed.

RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

The results of this study will provide an overall framework in which the question of how land development projects should be undertaken can be examined in more detail. The results will also assist Inuvik and Tuktoyaktuk plan for development by providing the needed certainty with respect to how capital infrastructure will be provided in their communities.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

\$106,500.00 in 1984/85 O & M funding

PROJECT: NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 8

TITLE: FEASIBILITY STUDY ON COMMUNITY SUPPLY OF GAS AND/OR OIL

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - PUBLIC WORKS

OBJECTIVES:

The objective of this study is to investigate the feasibility of meeting the oil and/or gas requirements of communities along the pipeline routes of the proposed hydrocarbon development. The supply of community energy requirements from proposed hydrocarbon development is one principle underlying the GNWT policy on Energy.

DESCRIPTION:

Through consultants expert in the field a preliminary feasibility study would be commissioned to address:

- Qas supply only the study will examine both the potential for tapping into pipeline transportation networks and the potential for tapping into gas wells located adjacent to communities. Specific areas to be emphasized include the quality of the gas and any processing required for community use, and degree of proximity of pipelines to potential users necessary for viability of supply.
- oil and gas supply the study will examine the potential for refinery operations in the NWT to satisfy energy requirements of communities and other majorusers such as N.C.P.C. The economic viability, including potential transportation networks will be reviewed against the 1 if etime of the supply.

The early initiation of the preliminary study is essential. If study results are positive and the viability of community energy supply is indicated, detailed planning must commence.

Negotiations and discussion of the incorporation of a supply source for communities into industry's design for refining and/or transportation facilities will be along process. These must be included in design before regulatory hearings take place. The feasibility study is expected to take one year. Follow up detailed investigation would occur over two years, with design incorporation possibly taking up to five years, however these latter two tasks are not included for funding at this time.

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EXPECTED RESULTS:

The results of the preliminary feasibility study willindic the potential of proposed hydrocarbon developments supply community energy needs. If the results are positive, furth investigation and discussions with affected parties such industry and other users (eg. N.C.P.C.) would have to initiated.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project relates directly to current GNWT energy Supp programs. The project supports the stated GNWT position energy.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

In 1984/85 the project will require \$53,000.00.

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PROJECT: NEAR TERM

RIORITY: 9

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TITLE: MONITORING SYSTEM - NORTHERN HYDROCARBON DEVELOPMENT

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - ENERGY MINES AND RESOURCES SECRETARIAT

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 to define and assess the various options for implementing a preferred comprehensive monitoring system for northern hydrocarbon development.

- make GNWT, federal, community and industrial sources of data more responsive to the needs of the monitoring system.
- make recommendations on how bestto organize, central ize and systematize data systems for optimum effectiveness in monitoring.
- evaluate the preferred monitoring system on a pilot project basis to determine the reliability, availability and cost effectiveness of sectoral data collection and the expense and merit of adjusting the data collection system.

DESCRIPTION:

- identify impacts which shouldbe moni tored
- define and assess indicators to be used in monitoring
- use existing experience and 1 iterature in the field. for defining an optimal monitoring system(ie. the joint GNWT/DIAND contract with UBC) to recommend a framework for monitoring will be an important starting point to developing a comprehensive system responsive to GNWT needs yet compatible with community, federal government and industry needs..

MILESTONES:

- a list of impact areas which require monitoring
- a 1 ist of key indicators to be monitored
- an indication of the methods and costs of obtaining data
- recommendations on the optimal ways to make data and the results of monitoring available to appropriate individuals, agencies and groups

EXPECTED RESULTS:

The multi year study is expected to result in clear, action recommendations for the implementation of a workable and effective comprehensive monitoring system for north hydrocarbon development, The system will subsequently result ongoing improvements in hydrocarbon development projects throincorporation of iterative refinement recommendations. information collected and lessons learned from monitoring will a valuable input in GNWT and federal strategy development projects planning and more effective community involvement participation in resource development.

RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

Monitoring related to virtually every other proposed GN planning and research project in that monitoring will; assessing the impacts or effects of development and influencing the areas over which the GNWT has control, concerns; influencing in turn the way that development occurrences same areas are the ones where GNWT proposes research are planning projects. The lessons learned from monitoring will the useful not just to GNWT but also for communities, federagovernment and industry for both policy formulation and operational planning.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

The study willrequire 2 years of full time consultants attentic during 1984/85 and 1985/86 with 1/2 year in each of the two successive years 1986/37 and 1987/88.

	1984/85	1985/86	1934,'37	1987/88
P.Y.	1	1	. 5	.5
(contract CONTRACT 0 & M	,	45 20	27 8	• 27 8
(\$000′ <u>=</u>)	5 5	65	3 5. 5	35.5

PROJECT: NEAR TERM

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PRIORITY: 18

TITLE:

INVESTIGATION OF BOOM/BUST CYCLES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - ENERGY MINES AND RESOURCES SECRETARIAT

OBJECTIVE:

- to undertake research and policy development aimed at reducing the social and economic instability inherent with boom/bust cycles; and thereby insure manageable balanced growth.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Research will be carried out to identify the range of options available to influence and control growth. The options will be evaluated to determine relative effectiveness and to define which options should most appropriately be carried out by government, community and industry. The study will identify and make recommendations for managing jurisdictional splits and overlaps and will provide the basis for GNWT Policy formulation to mitigate the problem.

MILESTONES:

- options available to government, communities and industry will he identified and evaluated

the likely effects of each option will be delineated

- strategies will be formulated to ensure effective GNWT's management of the boom/bustgrowthissue and to guide GNWT involvement with other government, the communities and industry injoint attic'n=. tomitigate problems.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

GNWT would have identified and evaluated the var iousoptions and chosen its preferred methods for dealing with boom/bust growth issues in the Beaufort Region. The relationship, responsibilities and relative noles of other affected governmental, community and industrial players, in mitigating boom/bust effects, will be better understood. This in turn will enable more effective coordinated joint planning to occur. The GNWT Policy on handling boom/bust growth will be employed extensively in community and regional planning, in direct negotiations with industry and in the development of joint government positions on development proposal s.

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RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This is a key project in that i twill define the context criteria within which subsequent GNWT projects proposals would undertaken. It will therefore form the basis for formulation major strategies on hydrocarbon development and for subsequent more finitive policy decisions.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

This project would require a consultant over 1 year including substantial O & M requirements for travel, accommodations and communications.

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PROJECT: NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 11

TITLE: DAY CARE STUDY

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

OBJECTIVE:

The objective of this study are to:

- study the day care requirements for persons working in industry
- develop solutions to problems created by shift work and rotation

DESCRIPTION:

This study will investigate the day care needs of the employees of various resource development projects in the NUT. This study will include communities that are directly involved in the development such as Tuktoyaktuk; as well as communities that are affected by the rotation of employees ie. Coppermine. Unce the problems of these individual communities have been identified and evaluated and an options will be produced outlining possible solutions to the problems identified.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS:

This study will be related to many of the social service programs as day care is instrumental in reducing social asistance as well as supplying aditional labour to a potentially spanse labour market. The results of the program will be immediate appreciable to the exploration stage and will be refined through monitoring for optimum effectiveness when the production phase begins.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

 comprehensive setofquidelines will be produced to provide government, industry and the individual with the necessary information to developan efficient and effective Day Care structure.

REQUIRED RESOURCES:

The research study will be undertaken in 1984/85 at a cost of \$10,000 for contracted services.

PROJECT: NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 12

TITLE: RESEARCH TO DEVELOP A TRAINING PROGRAM FOR SOCIAL

SERVICES WORKERS

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

oBJECTIVE:

Define the training requirements to ensure that Social Services personnel have the necessary skills to work in the oil and gas environment. Particular emphasis will be placed on training requirements to address alcohol related problems. Determine the methods for delivering this training in the most efficient manner to field staff.

DESCRIPTION:

The nature of the population is constantly changing. The demands on the Social Services staff are great and constantly changing. The methods for delivering services to the population must be able to adapt as demands shift. This study will identify the needs and the possible methods of service delivery, assess those methods and recommend an optimum direction.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This study will relate to the Social Services Base Study as well as other studies as determined by initial research. Alcohol training will be useful in development of other alcohol programs.

MILESTUNES:

The first year of this study will identify service delivery problems. The second year will result in the identification of optimum deli very methodologies.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1984/85	1985/8
P.Y.	. 5	. 5
SALARY	25	25
0 & M	65′	84
TOTAL \$000's	94	109

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ROJECT: NEAR TERM

RIORITY: 13

DEVELOPMENT OF AN ACCEPTABLE PAYMENT SYSTEM TITLE:

SPONSIBLE AGENCY: SOCIAL SERVICES

DBJECTIVE:

nd rtake research into industry's salary payment system to termine the criteria for payroll management that would:

CITAL For - allow worker independence and maintain worker rights, and

Win.

- ensure that ways for return to the community to meet the needs of the worker's family

0 DESCRIPTION:

pe. Many workers are unfamiliar with the wage economy. Others **Econt**inue to experience difficulty managing money even though they that will ensure that the worker's family as well as the cotational shift worker receive the benefits of wage employment.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This would be related to and is necessary input into the Rotational Study and the Family Life Education research. 🕵 🏲 🗣 stults of this project will be applicable to the exploration as well as production phases. Early completion beneficial for other related research program. as production phases. Early completion will therefore be

" R ESOURCES REQUIRED:

DE 1984/85

P.Y. : SALARY

0 & M \$5,000 9. TOTAL \$5,000

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ROJECT: NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 14

ITLE: WILDLIFE HARVEST STATISTICS

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - RENEWABLE RESOURCE

DBJECTIVE:

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of wild life to the nutritional base of the communities must be developed. This understanding is basic to design of management programs. Management for subsistence, commercial and outdoor recreational use of wildlife and necessary habitat protection frefforts can not be fine-tuned until this gap of information is satisfilled and well understood. Aharveststudy program must span agreeveral years to obtain harvest statistics with a high degree of exconfidence regarding harves ing trends.

Specific objectives of the study are focused on:

- determining both historical and current harvest efforts and wildlife numbers utilized.

 determining both historical and current harvesting areas and habi tat requirements. •

 establishment of the infrastructure and framework needed to obtain consistent harvest information over an extended period of time. This requires community support and confidence.

development and implemention of asound conservation education and communication program which dealswith departmental management and regulatory needs.

DESCRIPTION.1:

This activity is necessary to develop baseline knowledge of the use and dependence on culturally and economically important species to Communities in the BeaufortRegion. Accurate wildlife Population and harvest information is essential for protect the economic and regulation of this useso as to protect the economic and nutritional base of the communities which will be affected by existing exploration and development in the Beaufort Sea Region.

This project work will involve ongoing communications with communities and resource harvesters. Program design and management needs will be discussed. Taskswill include research and actual data collection from harvesters. Program design is a

critical element.

Land capability and use maps will be prepared and information computerized.

MILESTONES:

Timing and program evaluation will coincide with the design the harvest program, community involvement and acceptance harvest program, and through evaluation and comparison of after a minimum of three years of data collection.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

The project will provide reliable information cm the use importance of wildlife species to communities that potentially be impacted by non-renewable resource development information will provide a basis for management decisions and priorities, as well as for indications on habitat needs protection. Conflicts between resource use can be more objectively resolved.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project and resulting information will provide guideling for wildlife management programs and will directly influence policy guidelines and criteria for land use planning and conservation strategy initiatives which are jointly being worked on by the federal and territorial governments.

RESOURCES REWIRED:

	19s4/\$35	1985/86	1986/87	1987/88	1988/89
P."Y.	3	2	2	2	2
SALARIES	117.2	75.3	75.8	75.8	75.8
0 & M	34.5	31.8	31.5	31.5	31.5
CAPITAL	5	5			
TOTAL \$000's	156.7	112.6	107.3	107.3	107.3

P.Y.' will be required to facilitate interaction with and communication with hunters and trappers associations and communities. Research, program design and modification; computer modelling and data manipulationwill be required.

O & M will include salary and contract costs to hunters in communities, to pay for their assistance and travel costs for staff, for community presentations and interaction.

DECT: NEAR TERM

NORITY: 15

TLE: DETERRENT STUDIES

ESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - RENEWABLE RESOURCES

SSC SJECTIVE:

 to promote educational materials and presentations to industrial workers on each of these species; and to provide them with necessary detection and deterrent information while working in their habitat.

 to minimize conflicts resulting from increased exploration and development activity in the Beaufort Region.

to protect bear denning sites and raptor nesting areas.

DESCRIPTION:

*Deterrent studies and public education regarding man/wildlife conflict for polar bear, grizzly bear and raptors requires attention as such conflicts are occurring during the exploration phase.

These species are threatened and in the case of man/bear conflict, human safety is a major concern as wellas the common result of bear population reduction in the BeaufortRegion.

Grizzly bears are intolerant of human intrusion on their range. Polar bears on the other hand are curious and investigate new activities in their areas. Protection of these species requires development and testing of detection and deterrent mechanisms to keep men and bears apart in the fieldas well as protection of critical areas. This research is ongoing. Feasibility studies will determine the efficiency and effectiveness of current techniques. Raptors are sensitive to disturbance. Work will be done to determine the degree of sensitivity during different time periods such as nesting. Educational materials on the characteristics of each species is required to inform companies working in the Beaufort Region. Airphoto analysis and ground verification will be completed to determine use areas. This information will provide valuable management information. Educational material and information on areas of potential conflict will be provided to industry.

MILESTONES:

This project is an extension of previous work done on deterrent Development and testing of deterrent methods is required unit results clearly support effective deterrents under varying situations related to development.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

Information obtained will be used n the development management programs and education mater als. Effective deterrent methods will lead to fewer man/wildl fe conflicts, needless destruction of wildlife and protection o critical habitat.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROGRAMS:

This work will compliment efforts to prepare mitigative measures tor development and will also assist in the development of guidelines and criteria for land use planning.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1984/35	1985/"36	1986/87
P.Y.	1	1	1
SALARIES	41.4	41.4	41.4
0 & M	24.4	24.3	24.3
CAPITAL	10	5	5
TOTAL \$881	9/s 76	70.7	70.7

The Person Year's required to undertake research, assist in development of educational materials, map species distribution, test deterrents and provide demonstrations on use of deterrents.

0 & M will provide travel support and necessary materials for education. Capital will be required for the purchase and textins of deterrents, and mapping equipment. PROJECT: NEAR TERM

#PRIORITY: 16

TITLE:

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es of INVESTIGATE RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF INDUSTRY AND

GOVERNMENT RE: HIGHWAYS

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - PUBLIC WORKS

OBJECTIVE:

As background to this issue, GNWT through the Department of public Works has the responsibility for highways maintenance and currently in the process of negotiating the transfer of program responsibility for the Highways Reconstruction Program. The next step is of course the transfer of responsibility for new road construction. The GNWT's position on the transfer of further program responsibility is:

Reconstruction

New Roads

Po icy Development:

 development and approval of policy should be the joint responsibility of the GNWT and Federal Government as both Territorial and National objectives are to be met.

Standards and Cri teria:

 prior to transfer a joint responsibility jointly developed and approved

Planning:

- GNWT

- Joint

Therefore, this investigation will establish a policy framework for negotiation with the Federal Government and industry concerning roles and responsibilities for:

standards for opening new roads,

- public access to roads constructed for industrial use,
- cost sharing regimes, when opening a new road, to the economic advantage of industry.

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DESCRIPTION:

Departmental staff will analyze the potential requirements of resource developers for road transportation infrastructure review of infrastructure required soley by industry, that general public value and that that of joint use and value will undertaken. The experience of other jurisdictions with charing will be examined. A GNWT position far each of the this issues identified above will be developed over the course of project.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

The results of the project will enable the GNWT in co-operation with the federal government to discuss the transportation issued identified.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project is related to other projects, including;

- accelerated highways planning and planning for optimum roads corridor,
- the cost sharing of transportation infrastructure $\mathfrak{f}_{\mathsf{Jr}}$ communities,
- road use safety' and legal considerations.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

In 1984/85 the projectwell require 0.5 PY and \$43,000.00. Near term phasing is essential for government and industry planning.

PROJECT : NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 17

TITLE:

ACCELERATED HIGHWAYS PLANNING

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - PUBLIC WORKS

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OBJECTIVE:

The GNWT through the Department of Public works has the responsibility for highways maintenance and is currently in process of negotiating the transfer of program responsibility for the highways reconstruction program. The next step is of course the transfer of responsibility for new road construction. GNWT's position on the transfer of further program responsibility is:

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Reconstruction

New Roads

Policy Development

development and approval of policy should be the joint responsibility of the GNWT and the Federal Government as both Territorial and National objectives are to be met.

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> Standards & Criteria Prior to transfer a joint responsibility.

Jointly developed and approved.

15 * Planning

GNWT

Joint

ta Within the framework highlighted above, the objective is toplan for the optimum roads corridor in light of proposed hydrocarbon development. Another product of this project will be legislation which contains standards and criteria for road safety and corridor use.

DESCRIPTION:

Ageneral planning framework will be developed by Departmental staff, assisted by consultants as required, that will:

- identify potential users of a highway corridor under the proposed hydrocarbon development scenario,
- research potential conflicts among highway users,
- develop solutions for competing uses of the corridor!
- draft legislation governing standards and criteria for corridor use (ie., placement of utilities) and governing safety aspects of highway use (ie., weight restrictions, signage).

Co-operation with the federal government will be assentially Discussions to ensure the fulfillment of both governments respective responsibilities for highways will be an integral part of this project.

MILESTONES:

The first year of the project will see the completion of the GNWT position on the specific areas identified above. The second year of the project wi 11 allow for any technical adjustments necessary to existing highway right-of-way plans, (such as rerouting or highway/pipeline comparability problems) and development of necessary legislation.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

The results of the project will provide the basis for both government and industry planning and design for a highways corridor lower.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project is closely related to our proposed Highways Project-Investigate Respective Responsibilities of Industry and Government (priority 16). Although it is necessary to have transportation plans, the financial reality of who will pay for the infrastructure must be addressed at this early stage.

The transportation network issue, being an essential infrastructure element, is generally related to many projects/programs; tor example, business and other resource development opportunities, tourism, cost of living, individual and community well being, etc. (ie., a diverse range of social and economic factors).

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

In 1984/85 requirements would be one PY and \$213,000.00; in 1985/86 one FY and \$213.000.00 would also be necessary.

Early phasing of this project is essential to the time schedule to plan for, design and have the necessary lead time to construct any extension to the Mackenzie highway. The project will address the issues which must be resolved before the normal planning, design and construction (estimated at 5 years) for such a major capital work can be undertaken.

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NECT: NEAR TERMS

CORITY: 18

RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT ON NEW COMMUNITIES

ESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - LOCAL GOVERNMENT

DJECTIVE:

the Beaufort Sea and MacKenzie Delta area.

DESCRIPTION:

the near future and the GNWT will have to provide policy direction to municipal i ties, industry and the federal government this subject.

he development of hydrocarbon resources in the Arctic may result in the possibility of new communities being establ ished or the establishment of shorebases which could develop into new communities over a period of time. The GNWT and the Department do not have detailed policy guidelines which would assist them in deciding when new communities are desirable and how they should be developed. The lack of policy directions impedes effective planning and decision making by the GNWT.

A two Year study to be conducted in stages is required to research and develop a GNWT policy on new communities. Funds would be needed to hitherexpective in such fields as new town design and planning, municipal finance, municipal organization and social planning. Part of the founds would be used to create a term position to supervise the consultants and to assist in the implementation of the recommendations of the study. The i terms to be covered in the study would include:

- the advantages and disadvantages of creating new communities versus expanding existing communities
- what economic and social conditions are necessary before new communities became desireable
- who would be responsible for the design and planning of new towns development
- who should pay for new town development

- what kind of community government should be developed in new communities
- what type of actions should be taken to reduce problems asociated with the boom/bust economy of single industry towns
- what level of service should the Department and provide to resource camps and shorebases
- how should the location and development of shore be regulated and controlled to ensure they do not become new communities

RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

\$138,000.00 in 1984/85 (O & M funding) \$117,000.00 in 1985/86 (O & M funding)

SUMMARY "A" NEAR TERM PROJECTS (BY PRIORITY)

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PIAWING REQUIREMENTS

1984-85 TO 1998-91

	GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIE	S		1984-85	RES 1985-86	SEARCH & PLA 1986-87	NNING RESOUR 1987-88	CE REQUIREMENT 1988-89	rs 19s9-9e	1998-91
	PROJECT TITLE :	GNIJT PR10RITY	START / DURATION	PY \$888'S	PY \$888'S	PY \$888'S	PY \$000' s	PY \$000'S	PY cell's	PY\$000'S
	NOGAP COORDINATOR	1	84/85 7yrs	1 65	1 65	1 65	1 65	1 65	1 65	1 65
	STUDY FOR INUVIK AND TUK TO 10 E)4T1FY IMPACTS AND PLAN FOR DEVELOPMENT	2	84/85 7yrs	1 234	1 314	1 448	1 360	1 314	1 341	1 341
1	SOCIAL SERVICES BASE STUDY	3	84/85 7yrs	1.5 210	3 370	3 370	4 530	4 539	4 530	1.5 210
	GUIDELINES FOR PLANNING	4	84/85 4yrs	2 104.2	2 98.8	2 98.8	2 98.8			
	DEVELOPMENT OF MUNICIPAL TRAINING PACKAGES	5	84/85 7yrs	.5 58.5	.5 58.5	.5 43	. 5 43	.5 43	.5 43	.5 43
	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE TO COMMUNITY COUNCILS AND STAFF	6	84/85 7yrs	.5 37	.5 37	.5 37	.5 37	.5 37	.5 37	.537
	RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT DIA FINANCING MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE	7	84/85 1yr	166.5						
	FEASIBILITY STUDY ON COMMUNITY SUPPLY OF OIL AND/ORGAS	ğ	84/85 lyr	53						
	MONITORING SYSTEM	9	84/85 4yrs	ı 65	5ه 1	.5 35	.5 35			
	MITIGATION OF BOOM/BUST CYCLES	10	84/85 lyr	1 65						
,	DAY CARE STUDY FOR SHIFT AND ROTATIONAL WORKERS	11	84/85 ₁₉	ΙÜ						

SUMMARY "A" NEAR TERM PROJECTS (BY PRIORITY >

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

1984-85 **TO 1998-91**

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITOR	IES		1984-85	RESE 1985-86	ARCH & PLANNING	RESOURCE I 1987-88	REQUIREMENT 1988-89	ΓS 1989-98	990-91
PROJECT TITLE:	ਲੇ¶√T PR1OR1TY	START./ DURATION	 PY \$000'S	_ — PY \$000'S	PY \$000'S	PY \$000'S	PY \$000'S	PY 000'S	 PY\$000'S
						11 4000 3			117000 3
RESEARCH TO DEVELOP A TRAINING PROGRAM FOR SOCIAL SERVICE WORKERS	12	84×85 2yns	.5 94	.5 109					
DEVELOPMENT OF ACCEPTABLE PAYMENT SYSTEM	13	84/85 tyc	- 5						
WILDLIFE HARVEST STATISTICS	14	84/85 5yes	3 150.7	2 112.5	2 107.3	2 107.3	2 107.3		
DETERRENT STUDIES	15	84/85 3vrs	1 76	1 20.2	1 70.7				
INVESTIGATE RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILIT OF INDUSTRY AND GOVERNMENT RE:									
HIGHWAYS	15	84/85 1/r	.5 43						
ACCELERATED HIGHWAYS PLANMING	1.7	84/85 2yrs	1 213	1 213					
RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT OF NEW COMMUNITIES	18	84/85 2yrs	- 138	- 117					
TOTAL NEAR TERM (PERSON YEARS)			14.5	13.5	11.5	11.5	Ÿ	7	4.5
(\$000°S)			1733.4	1530.5	1274.8	1276.1	169,5.3	1015	675

기 PROJECT: LATE NEAR TERM

→ PRIORITY: 19

TITLE: RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT ON LAND DEVELOPMENT

IN RAPIDLY GROWING COMMUNITIES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - LOCAL GOVERNMENT

. OBJECTIVE:

 to ensure all levels of government and industry understand their roles and responsibilities with respect to the preparation, financing and disposal of serviced lots that are required to support Beaufort development.

- to ensure municipal i ties and the Department of Local Government have appropriate mechanisms in place prior to Beaufort development! to provide the serviced land that will be necessary to accommodate the physical growth of the community.

DESCRIPTION:

Rapid population growth in communities such as Inuvik will require the development of a large number of lots for nnew housing in a very short period of time. Commercial and industrial lots will also have to be developed. The GNWT is presently developing with some difficulty small subdivisions (ie. 30 lots) in resource communities such as Norman Wells. As well, the Department and municipal i ties are still dealing with financial problems that resulted from the development of lots in the 1970's in anticipation of the Mackenzie Valley pipeline. The GNWT or community governments do not have the administrative or financial capability to undertake large land development projects (ie. 100 or more lots) in resource commodities. Without the timely development of vacant lots to accommodate new growth the following problems are 1 ikely to occur: housingshortages, rapid increase in rents and housing prices, rapid increase in land prices, and the establishment of temporary squatter communities.

The Department needs funds to undertake a study to determine holland development in rapidly growing communities should take place. This study would include a review of how other jurisdictions have dealt with the issue, an identification of possible options to solve the issues and the development of policy. Issues to be addressed in the study would include: who should undertake land development (e.g. planning, design, and construction process); how should land development be financed (e.g. municipal debentures, GNWT capital, corporate loans, industry deferred property taxes and/or a special land development revolving fund for resource communities); how should the lots of the land development project be disposed of (i.e. lease, or sale) to prevent land speculations and rapid increase in land prices.

RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

It is necessary to examine land development as an issue separate from the more general investigations into the financing of municipal infrastructures because:

unlike other forms of municipal infrastructure such as roads, recreation facili ities and municipal offices it is possible to recover costs directly from consumers of the infrastructure through the sale or lease of individual lots; and

unlike other forms of municipal infrastructure it is possible that industry should directly prepare, finance and dispose of the serviced lots.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

\$160,000 in 1985/86 (O & M funding).

ROJECT: LATE NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 20

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TITLE: WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - RENEWABLE RESOURCES

OBJECTIVE:

review and analyze existing areas of environmental significance and their criteria for classification

develop guidelines for identifying areas of environmental significance

prepare policy guidelines for conservation areas defining use criteria

 adapt variables and mapping requirements for conservation areas to micro-computers for appl i cation to Land Use Planning projects.

DESCRIPTION OF PROJECTS:

This expanded activity is required to meet imposed demands needed to support the development and implementation of the conservation and activity and provide needed information to support 1 and use planning. Wildlife Habitat management programs must be prepared to support the implementations of the Renewable Resource Use La Policy and guide the development of resource use strategies.

This project will involve the full time efforts of 1 P.Y. to do conduct diterature reviews, analysis of Habi tat management programs! comparative studies on conservation areas, mapping and limited field work. Results of work efforts will include some Habitat Management Programs to be implemented in the Beaufort Development Region and Policies and guidelines for conservation areas. Criteriawi 1 1 be prepared for use during Land Use Planning the exercises. The use of micro-computers will be applied to both the land use planning and environmental assessment projects.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROGRAMS:

This specific project focused on wildlife habitat management will Contribute to the Guidelines for Planning Project assist the renewable resource use initiatives and have direct application to Land Use Planning and Environmental Impact Assessment projects.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1985/86	1986/87	1987/88
P.Y.	1	1	1
SALARIES	41.4	41.4	41.4
0 & M	13.6	13.6	13.6
CAP I TAL	5	5	5
TOTAL \$000's	60	60	60

This project will require 1P.Y. for a three year period. O & will provide travel and possible minimum contract assistance for adapting information to the micro-computer. Capital identified will cover computer materials and mapping requirements.

PROJECT: LATE NEAR TERM

PRIORITY: 21

TITLE:

k 1

BASELINE INFORMATION

RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES: GNWT - RENEWABLE RESOURCES

oBJECTIVE:

facilitate management of these cu turally and economically mportant wildlife species in a region of major proposals +or non-renewable resource development activity the following objectives are identified:

- to develop reliable population data including total numbers, fertility and mortal ity information.
- to identify habitat requirements of existing wildlife populations.
- to develop an understand ng of natura variability factors of wildlife popu at ions.

DESCRIPTION:

This expanded activity involves baseline data collection of population statistics and habitat range information of caribou, muskox, grizzly bear, polar bear, and raptors.

Caribou, muskox, grizzly bear, polar bear and raptors are of significant cultural and economic value to be communities in the Beaufort Region. This projectwil 1 provide information needed to develop effective management programs to maintain total numbers. Productivity and habitat requirements. This work is a supplement to current efforts to understand total wildlife populations and factors influencing these numbers.

Studies will require consultation with the eight communities in the area, to explain nationale, intent and methods. Hunters from these communities will participate in field work. These projects will Contribute to a better understanding of biological research by native participants. Detailed study design and method will be provided upon the general acceptance of this program.

MILESTONES:

While general population information collection Is ongoing, productivity values can be determined over a 3-5 year study Period. Similarly habitat requirements and avail able habitat can be determined over this time frame.

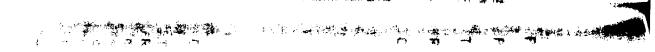
EXPECTED RESULTS:

Studies will provide reliable information on existing populations, natural variability of populations, product; values, total habitat available and critical habitated in the contract of the

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

These study programs will contribute valuable information needed for Land Use Planning, Environmental Impact Assessment and the preparation of renewable resource use programs.

	1985/	"86	1986/	"87	1987/	8 S	1988/	"89
STUDY COMPONENT	P.Y.	\$000	P."Y.	\$000	P.Y.	\$00 0	P.Y.	\$000
CARIBOU MUSK OX	2 1	213 112	2 1	213 96	1 1	용0 35	1	80
GRIZZLY BEAR	.5	37	.5	37	.5	26	. 5	26
POLAR BEAR	1	288	1	202	1	170	1	176
RAPTORS	.5	64	.5	43	.5	43	. 5	43
TOTAL \$000's	5	715	5	597	4	404	3	319



SUMMARY "B" LATENEAR TERM PROJECTS PRIORIZED

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PIAWING REQUIREPENTS

1984-85 TO 1998-91

1',. .,.,>.,.

				KE	SEARCH & PL	anning resour	CE REQUIREMEN	TS	
			1984-85	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-96	1990-91
PROJECT TITLE :	GNL/T PR1OR1TY	START / DURATION	PY \$900'S	PY \$866's	PY \$000'S	PY \$000' s	PY \$099's	PY 000'S	PY\$000'
RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT ON LAND DEVELOPMENT IN RAPIDLY GROWINGCOMMUNITIES	T 19	85/86 lyr		160					
WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT	20	85/86 3yrs		1 60	1 60	1 69			
BASELINE STUDIES	21	85/86 4yrs		5 715	5 597	4 404	3 319		

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND MONITORING

"RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - RENEWABLE RESOURCES

OBJECTIVE:

- 4:

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 to research and assess environmental protection and monitoring measures appropriate to municipal areas

 to develop a comprehensive environmental protection and monitoring program

 to establish basel ine information necessary for ongoing environmental monitoring as development increases in and around municipal areas in the Beaufort Region.

DESCRIPTION:

"This activity is important to communities in the Beaufort Region. "Research would be undertaken on environmental protection and monitoring needs within municipal areas. Aspects of the study such as oil spill contingency planning would be done in conjunction with federal agencies. Baseline information is required for ongoing environmental monitoring during the construction and production stages of development.

The project will require one person year in Inuvik to conduct necessary research and collect baseline data. Work should be done in cooperation with the municipal council to develop an Operational environmental protection and monitoring program. The project will require collection of baseline data, research, program development, the testing of contingency measures and communication with the local council.

MILESTONES:

Evaluation points will be related to adequacy of baseline data! program completion and application. The project will be completed Over a three year period.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project will support the Planning Guidelines project by Providing mitigative measures and criteria for land use.



RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1985/86	1986/87	1987/88
P.Y. SALARIES O & M CAPITAL	1 41.4 13.6 s	1 41.4 13.6 5	! 41.4 13.6 5
TOTAL \$000's	60	60	60

0 & M will provide needed funds for travel to other communities, spi 1 1 counter measures.

RIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

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FUNDS FOR COMMUNITY COUNCIL TO IDENTIFY IMPACTS AND PLAN FOR DEVELOPMENT (OTHER THAN TUKANDINUVIK)

ESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - LOCAL GOVERNMENT

DEJECTIVE:

To ensure local governments other than Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik have sufficient resources to prepare for and manage the impacts that will affect the community.

DESCRIPTION:

Community governments in addition to Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik do not have sufficient resources to prepare for the municipal impacts of hydrocarbon development. The Department cannot provide the level of funding that will be needed by these community **co**uncils.

Funding is required for community councils that may be impacted hydrocarbon development to undertake special studies and 🎠 search and planning for community impacts. These funds would be programbeing developed.

Municipalities such as Fort McPherson, and Aklavik would be

possible recipients of these funds.

Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik will be required to undertake a considerable amount of planning regardless of the development options approved by the federal government. Funding for the other important in terms of timingor amount, because:

- the municipal Impacts will likely be less than the impacts that will be experienced by Inuvikand Tuktoyaktuk and
- the municipal impacts will vary considerably with the type of development that will be undertaker in the region (ie. pipel ine ortanker).

R ELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER PROJECTS:

The funding would be transferred to municipal i ties or an as neded basis.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

%27,000.00 in 1986/87 increasing each year in pace with development as follows:

%43,000 in 1987/88 \$53,000 in 1988/89 \$70,000 in 1989/90 \$80,000 in 1990/91

RIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: INDUSTRIAL SAFETY AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY : GNWT - JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SERVICES

SUB TITLE: FIRE SAFETY 1986/87

OBJECTIVE:

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To determine the extent of fire safety preparedness-

The results obta ned will determine to what extent community fire training will have to be upgraded or revised to meet building distances, specific equipment required, communication service, etc. The area of concern is at the staging location or community.

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SUB TITLE: NORTHERN APPLICATION OF ELECTRICAL CODES 1986/87

OBJECTIVE:

To determine whether electrical material, equipment, etc. will be ufficient for project use as well as complying with southern code standards.

Afreview of standards currently in usewill determine if changes to those standards are required.

SUB TITLE: OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH/SAFETY PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS
1987/88

OBJECTIVE:

To determine specific problem areas in Occupational Health/Safety, bearing in mind untrained Northern workers and roles of Native Safety Officers.

This person will review the various types of job positions which will be required on the project. The review will indicate what positions will be problem areas related to Northern workers. Is there specific training in areas required to ensure worker safety eg., problems associated with Norman Mel1s training? How the Xtensive should first aid training be?

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

One contractor for each project for three months each at a constant of \$17000.00 per project.

1986/87 1987/88

CONTRACT (\$000'S) 34 17

RIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TILE: EFFECTS OF WAGE EMPLOYMENT ON FAMILY STRUCTURE

ESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

BJECTIVE:

restudy the effects of wage employment on family strutture.

MASCRIPTION:

This would be a mid term project that would adapt data obtained in the Social Services Base Study. This study WOU1d 1 ook at indices that would demonstrate the efects of hydrocarbon wage employment on family structure. This Would be followed Up annually to assess the adaptation rate of the society.

TELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This study would draw on data obtain d in he Social Services Base Study and provide necessary input for the successful completion of the Family Life Study.

#limestones:

This would be a four year study with the majority of the work being done in the first year and follow up work in the final three to document the evolution of the family structure as a base for program implementation.

	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990,"91	•
CONTRACT (%000's)	15	5	5	5	

ORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

T"LE:

ROTATION STUDY

PONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

SJECTIVE:

- to assess the historical work done on worker rotation.
- to determine the effects of rotation on the individual , the family and the community $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2$

investigate the various approaches to job and determine their appropriateness to the NUT situation.

DESCRIPTION:

Each of the segments of this study would be interrelated. Each work would be carried out by contract over a one year period.

RELATIONSHIPS TO OTHER PROJECTS:

The Social Services Base Study would provide base data, identify tommunity concern. This project would provide input and help define system for the Payment Study.

'RESOURCES REQUIRED:

1986/87

CONTRACT (\$000'S)

30

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE :

ALCOHOL STUDY

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

OBJECTIVES:

To develop special ized Alcohol and drug treatment strategies, in conjunction with the Department of Health, to meet the demand accompanying hydrocarbon development.

SESCRIPTION:

The combination of changed population, changed environment and changed expectations create new and very special ized requirements for persons requiring treatment for alcohol and drug abuse. This tudy will investigate various approaches to treatment! analyze these approaches in terms of northern need and develop strategies for most effective treatment.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This study is I inked to the proposed studies on Income, Family if and the Social Services Study. It will be done in close as on to the GNWT Department of Health.

LESTONES:

- develop a comprehensive 1 ist of the type of alcohol and drug concerns and their probable cause.

identify existing treatment modes and analyzethem "in terms of the problem 1 ist.

 identify existing resources available to apply to problem resources.

evaluation and identification of the best methods for applying existing resources to the problem

	1987/s8	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91
P.Y.	. 5	. 5	. 5	. 5
& H	25 5	25 5	25 5	25 5
UTAL \$000's	30	30	30	30

्रृँ PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: LIQUOR ORDINANCE STUDY

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

OBJECTIVE:

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To study the effects on society of changes in the Liquor Ordinance and the Regulations on alcohol abuse.

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DESCRIPTION:

The liquor ordinance may be used as a tool to control the abuse of alcohol in the NUT. Investigations will be undertaken into various ways the ordinance could be used and of the effects of following those options. This will result in recommended changes to the Liquor Ordinance.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

The alcohol study provides an input into this study through the identification of program needs. The Social Services Base Study will provide necessary demographic data.

METHODS:

This study will be done over two years and will result in an analysis of the ordinance and other provincial ordinances and will define proposed amendments in the first year. The second year would assess the implications of these proposals and make recommendations for specific amendments which would be formulated, evaluated and final ized in the final year.

	1987/"8S	1988/89	1989/90
P.Y. SALARY			
0 & M	70	21	21
TOTAL \$000's	70	21	21

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: COMMUNITY HEALTH STATUS PROFILES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY GNWT - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

OBJECTIVE:

 ${ t 70}$ establish community health status baseline data for assessing ${ t need}$ for health services. This will **allow:**

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the development of a base level of need on a community basis;

\$15.

 the measurement of changes in health status of the community. ··. ·

DESCRIPTION:

This will require manipulation of existing computer based data complemented by observations of field staff.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project has the potential to provide comprehensive information for all aspects of heal th services planning in the resource development area.

	1986/87	1987/'S8	1988/89	1989/90	
P*Y.	. 5	. 3	*3	. 3	•
SALARY \$000's	2 7	21	21	21	

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: ASSESS AND PLAN FOR HEALTH CARE DELIVERY

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

OBJECTIVES:

To utilize community health status profiles to assess and plan for health services delivery in response to changing needs and impacts on existing programs in the impact area.

DESCRIPTION:

This will involve:

- updating the baseline data
- planning hea th programs with shortened lead t me
- developing capacity to respond in short term to evolving health needs in impact area! beginning in the pre-production phase.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

Directly based on development of community health profiles.

Will provide basisfor evaluating need for Detox Services.

1	986/87	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90
P*Y'.	.3	.3	.3	.3
Salaryand travel	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: ASSESS AND EVALUATE NEED FOR DETOX SERVICES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

OBJECTIVE:

To plan for detox services as part of the possible strategy being investigated by Social Services + or amel iorating the effects of alcohol and drug abuse in the impact area.

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DESCRIPTION:

To utilize existing data and collect additional hard and soft data to plan for Detox Services in impact areas where this may relate to Social Services' efforts to deal with alcohol and drug abuse.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

Directly related to Social Sevices' project investigating alcoholend drug abuse.

This is a particularly separate endeavour in terms of regular health services as are being planned for in Project #2.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

1 98.5/87

P.Y. . .5 SALARY AND TRAVEL 27,000

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

RESPONSI BLE AGENCY : GNWT - DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

TITLE: INVESTIGATION OF CHARACTERISTICS OF SEXUALLY

TRANSMITTED DISEASE AND MENTAL ILLNESS

OBJECTIVE:

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To investigate the epidemiological characteristics of Sexually Transmitted Disease and Mental Illness in impact areas.

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DESCRIPTION:

'Through the use of an epidemiologist to analyze data available through existing computer base and/or community health profiles and draw conclusions, for heal th program planning purposes, which describe the characteristics of STD's and Mental Illness in resource development impact areas.

RELATIONSHIP to OTHER PROJECTS:

This will relate to the planning of health services to deal with specific needs in impact areas and should therefore be performed at least simultaneously with project #2.

	1986/87	1987/88	1 98 8/89	1989/90
P.Y. Salaryand	.3	.2	.2	.2
TRAVEL \$000's	21.3	16	1 4	16

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: BUSINESS DIRECTORY, PROFILE AND SURVEYS

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

OBJECTIVE:

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business opportunity identification

provide a central directory to assist Resource companies and their contractors in utilizing local businesses on their Northern projects.

assist northern business in locating prospective markets.

business promot on, to improve awarenes of the various industr al sectors exhibiting a presence in the various community/regions.

economic planning and statistical purposes. Quantify demand for government-funded business assistance programs and services.

monitoring the impact of the resource development project on business activity.

DESCRIPTION:

This expanded activity involves baseline data collection existing businesses and their capabilities. Business opportunities from resource development projects must be matched with existing capabilities on new businesses established to meet their requirements. Business assistance and development programs will be expanded to reflect this increased government-funded activity and this information can be used to quantify projected demand. Information is also needed formonitoring busines opportunities now being realized by Northwest Territorial residents

This project will entail surveying all active northern busines enterprises in the NorthwestTerritories with particular emphasis on the area surrounding the resource development activity. Sectoral and community specific surveys will also be completed for more detailed Information.

MILESTONES:

Increased use of opportunities realized by northern businesses, both in existing business and in the establishment of new businesses.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project and resulting information will assist in identifying and quantifying future demand on business development programs and services administered by the government.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91
P.Y.	1	1	2	2
SALAR I ES	48	40	80	80
0 & M	4 5	45	90	70
CAPITAL	e	6 		0
TOTAL \$000's	8 5	8 5	170	170

P.Y. will be required for research, program design and modification! computer model ling and data manipulation. \bar{U} & M will include salary and contract costs for business surveys in the communities.

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: LABOUR FORCE AND OCCUPATIONAL MANPOWER STUDY

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

OBJECTIVE:

to provide labour market information and facilitate the provision of counseling services to assist individuals in making decisions to support their career opportunities and employment prospects.

to facilitate the provision of consultative and advisory services to assist business and prospective employers in staffing, training and manpower related areas.

to identify the expected labour market conditions during the short-term in which territorial employment programs will have to operate.

to assess the full spectrum of labour market needs in the Northwest Territories in terms of the existing and anticipated supply and demand for labour.

to provide suggested labour market priorities and strategies (targeted groups, geographic area, industry, occupations) and their subsequent evaluation.

to assess the ancillary effects of employment, such . as social adjustment and personal problems.

to facilitate the development of manpower plans to address wage and working conditions, employment benefits, counsel 1 ing, employment opportunities for northerners, accommodation of northern 1 ifestyles.

to monitor the effectiveness of placement services in the proper matching of people and jobs and supplement the federal government's services in communities which not adequately serviced.

to facilitate the determination of training needs, identification of trainees, allocation of both federal and territorial spaces in institutions and the actual selection and referral of trainees,

to facilitate the development of long-term Territorial wide training programs and strategies.

DESCRIPTION:

This activity is necessary to develop baseline data on an employment profile of the Northwest Territories. Accurate labour force <demand and supply) and occupational data is esential for manpower planning, impact prediction and assessment. This project will assist both proponents of the resource project as well as NWT residents in matching jobs with people.

This project will entail an annual labour force "supply" survey of all participants in the NWT labour force with up-dating continuously. Included in the survey will be work history, education, skill level, and training requirements. Also, a labour force "demand" survey will be undertaken and co-ordinated with the Business Survey.

MILESTONES:

While labour market information is an ongoing exercise, increased employment opportunities afforded and realized by Northerners will be possible only through increased labour market and intelligence efforts.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

This project will provide reliable information on the labour market in the Northwest Territories and ω li allow government to properly prepare plans for and mon tor the impact of non-renewable resource development.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This research project will contribute valuable information needed for training and education initiatives. $\label{eq:contribute} .$

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91
P.Y.	.s	. 5	. 5	. 5
SALARIES	20	20	20	20
0 & M	23	23	44	44
CAPITAL	0	0	0	0
TOTAL \$000's	4 3	43	64	64

P.Y's will be required for research, program design and modification, computer model 1 ing and data manipulation. Θ & M will include salary and contract costs for labour demand and supply surveys.

ROJECT: MID TERM

RIDRITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: COST OF LIVING STUDIES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND TOURISM

INBJECTIVE:

selection of price indices for escalation of industrial business contracts.

monitoring the impact of the resource development project on business activity.

facilitate economic planning and if necessary assist in the development of appropriate mitigative measures.

☞ DESCRIPTION:

This activity is necessary to develop baseline knowledge of cost of living expenses at the community level to accurately assess the impact of non-renewable resource development activities and, if required, facil itate appropriate mitigative measures.

This project will entail undertaking a cost of living survey in all communities in the Northwest Territories. The three major categories to be examined include: transportation! housing, and goods and services. The latter is composed of ten groupings: food at home, clothing, domestic service, medical care! personal care, recreation, tobacco and alcohol.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

This project will provide reliable information on cost of 1 iving in the communities and will allow the Government to monitor, and if necessary, prepare mitigative measures regarding the impact of major hydrocarbon development.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This research project will contribute valuable information to the private sector in selecting price indexes for escalation of industrial contracts, and will assist the Government in preparation and planning activities in the social, business and economic areas.

	1987/88	1988/89	1989/90	1990/91
P.Y. SALARIES O & M	. 5 2 0 4 4	. 5 20 44	.5 20 86.5	. 5 20 86.5
TOTAL \$000's	44	64	104.5	106.5

P.Y. will be required for research, program design and modification, computer modelling and data manipulation. O & M will include salary and contract costs for cost of living surveys.

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ROJECT: MID TERM

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: IMPACT ON LEGAL SYSTEM

RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES: GNWT - JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SERVICES

BJECTIVE:

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 to determine impact of influx of workers as a result of development, on legal systems of Northwest Territories such as legal aid, courts < Justice of the Peace, Territorial and Supreme), Coroner's inquiries and safety ordinances.

- to determine the impact of development on total government as it relates to legal requirements.
- to determine the impact on legal systems in the post development period.
- to determine legislative changes required to insure citizens rights are met.

DESCRIPTION :

a professional is proposed that researcher wi th background would require two years to meet the stated objectives. It will be necessary for the researcher to accessin formation and $% \left(1\right) =\left\{ 1\right\} =$ statistics gathered in areas where similar development has taken place, such as the "Yukon and Alaska. The researcher will also have to compile statistics on the number of court sittings, the types of cases appearing before the courts, the amount of legal. aid assistance and the involvement of the government in legal actions. It will be necessary to travel to the areas of development to meet with residents in order to gaining ight into reaction to development and change ie. forecast of alcoholusage, based on current trends, drug usage, etc. which will impact legal systems. This will also assist in determining the requirement for native court workers in these areass. Data on income levels or residents and workers will be necessary to determine legal aid assistance requirements. Consultation with judges, lawyers! court workers, ocal residents and the Department of Justice and Public Services will be necessary. Asystem wil 1 have to be developed to impact of other governmental the departments involvement with development on the Legal Services Division.

Consultation willbe necessary with other agencies such as the R.C.M.P. to determine their future plans: and the development proponents to determine the structure of their sites (ie. prohibition, shift length! etc.). Should the Territories assume the responsibility for prosecutions

simultaneously with development, it will be necessary t_0 determine the impact of this assumption on the development. If the various legal systems are not properly prepared in terms of manpower and facilities, citizens, both migrant and permanent, may be deprived of their rights. The researcher will be required to collect pertinent information in this area.

It will be necessary to review the safety related ordinances of the NWT and other jurisdictions where development has occurred.

MILESTONES:

report on known impact of deve opment in other areas

report on Statistical data collected for the development area.

report on community response - ie. influence of development on various communi ies.

report on ordinances requiring changes through legislation.

projections of impact and recommendations on methods of deal ing with the impact.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

The report produced will show the growth over a pre-determined time span which will lead to logical projections and recommendations to deal with the impact.

These projections and recommendations will be used by the various Justice and Public Services sections to formulate program strategies to meet the demands of the development, in line with established governmental priorities and allow the maintenance of an acceptable standard of living in communities affected.

RELATIONSHIPWITHOTHER PROJECTS:

Information gathered in this report will be valuable to the Department of Social Services and the Safety Division. Statistics available from the Statistics bureau will be required for this project. Examples of other governments' involvement in legal actions can alert all departments to potential problem areas, and it is anticipated that this information will enable the GNWT to avoid similar problem situations. The researcher will overlap for a short period with the engineer working in the Safety Division.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

This period would require a consultant for a period of two years.
Other O & M requirements would be for travel, accomodations, and communications.

• • • •

	1985/86	1986/87
CONTRACTS	\$40,000	\$40,000
TRAVEL/ACCOMODATIONS	23,900	7,000
COMMUNICATIONS	2,500	2,000
ΤΟΤΔΙ	\$65,500	\$49,000

PROJECT: MID TERM

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: TWINING NORTHERNERS IN ARCHAEOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SERVICES

OBJECTIVES:

To devise, test and evaluate a program for training resident northerners in archaeological field procedures. This will minimize the number of extra-territorial archaeologists needed to carry out other archaeological requirements arising from hydrocarbon development in the Beaufort Sea.

DESCRIPTION:

prior to implementation, a training program will be designed and evaluated over the course of two succesive field seasons at archaeological sites. Training programs used elsewhere in Canada will be adapted to meet the special requirements and knowledge of a northern labour force.

MILESTONES:

pre-field season, year 1: design of training program. field season, year 1: test training program through archaeological survey and excavations. pre-field season, year 2: evaluation and modification of training program. field season, year 2: further testing of training program through archaeological survey and excavations. post-field season, year 2: further evaluation and modification of training program.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

It is anticipated that archaeological training programs can be designed, which will provide a resident labour force with background knowledge and special ized skills to participatern archaeological fieldwork under a variety of conditions.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

Archaeological training will be required in order toprovide the necessary skills to allow northern residents to be employed in all aspects of archaeological work necessitated by hydrocarbon development in the Beaufort Sea Region.

REQUIRED RESOURCES:

Requirements for each of the two years, 1985/86 and 1986/87 required to develop the training program are as follows (in 1'?83 dollars):

archaeologist on contract to design and test training procedures	%2500 month x 3 months = \$7500
assistants	\$2000 month x 2 months = \$8000
s t u d e n t s	\$300 week x 5 weeks x 6=\$ 9000
travel	estimate = \$ 8000
field equ preent	estimate = \$ 5000
field subsistence	est mate = \$ 5000
drafting	est mate = \$ 500
photography	est mate = \$ 500
typing	estimate = \$ 500
C.14 dating	estimate = \$ 3000
conservation	estimate = \$ 3000
other O & M	= \$ 3000
ANNUAL TOTAL	\$ 5 3,000

SUMMARY "C" MID TERM PROJECTS No-r PRIORIZED

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

1984-85 TO 1990-91				
	1984-85 TO	1990-91		

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIE	GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES		1984-85	RESE 1985-86	ARCH & PLANNI 1986-87	NG RESOURC 1987-88	E REQUIREMENT 1988-89	S 1989-90	1 99a -91
PROJECT TITLE :	NOT PRIORIZED	START / DURATION	PY \$800'S	PY \$808'S	PY \$000'S	PY \$000' s	PY \$000'S	PY 000'S	PY\$888'S
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECT I ON AND MONITORING		85/86 3yrs		1 60	1 60	1 60			
Funds for communities other than tuk and inuvik to identify and plan for development		86/87 5 yrs			- 27	- 43	- 53	- 78	- 80
INDUSTRIAL SAFETY AND OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH FIRE SAFETY NORTHERN APPLICATION OF ELECTRICAL		86/87 lyr			17				
CODES OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH/SAFETY PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS		86/87 lyr 87/88 1 yr			17	- 17			
EFFECTS OF WAGE EMPLOYMENT ON FAMILY STRUCTURE		87/88 4yrs				- 15	- 5	- 5	- 5
ROTATION STUDY		8.5/87 lyr		- 30					
ALCOHOL STUDY		87/88 4yrs			.5 30	.5 30	.5 30	.5 30	
LIQUOR ORDINANCE STUDY		87/88 3yrs			70	- 21	- 21		
COMMUNITY HEALTH STATUS PROFILES		86/87 4 yrs		.5 27	.3 21	.3 21	.3 21		
ASSESS AND PLAN FOR HEALTH CARE DELIVERY		86/87 4yrs		.3 21	.3 .21	.3 21	.3 21		
ASSESS AND EVALUATE NEED FOR DETOX SERVICES		36/87 1 vr		.5					

SUMMARY "C" MID TERM PROJECTS NOT PRIORIZED

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

1984-85 TO 1998-91

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES						NING RESOURC	E REQUIREMEN	TS	
			1984-85	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-98	1998-91
PROJECT TITLE:	GNMT PRIORITY	START / DURATION	PY \$000'S	PY \$000'S	PY \$00 0'S	P Y \$000's	PY \$000'S	PY 606'S	PY\$800'S
1147ESTIGATION OF CHARACTERISTICS C SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES AND	DF								
MENTAL ILLNESS		86/8? 4yrs		.3 21	.2 15	.2 16	.2 16		
BUSINESS DIRECTOR(, PROFILES AND SURVEYS		87/88 4yrs			1 85	1 85	2 170	2 170	
LABOUR FORCE AND OCCUPATIONAL MANPOWER STUDY		87/88 4×ns			.5 43	.5 43	.5 64	.5 64	
COST OF LIVING SURVEYS		87/88 4yrs			.s 64	.5 64	.5 106.5	.5 186.5	
IMPACT ON LEGAL'S (STEM		85/86 2yns		5.5ه	49				
TRAINING NORTHERNERS IN ARCHAEOLOGICAL TECHNIQUES		85/86 2kms		53	- 53				
TOTAL MID TERM (PERSON/EARS)				۷.٥	3.3	4.3	4.3	3.5	
(\$000 S)				304.5	573	436	587.5	445.5	85

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: IMPACTS ON NATIVE NUTRITIONAL PRACTICES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

OBJECTIVES:

To determine impacts on nutritional practices of native northerners in direct and indirect development impact areas.

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DESCRIPTION OF PROJECTS:

Monitor the impacts of exposure to a wage economy in the nutritional practices of natives.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

Results will enhance planning for maternal and child health and school heal th programs.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1989/%	1990/91
P*Y.	.5	.2
SALARY AND TRAVE	L\$000's 3 0	16

PRIORITIES: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: HEALTH PROMOTION STUDIES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

OBJECTIVE:

Investigate the most suitable method of disseminating heal th promotion information. This will involve assessing individual community social structures and communicant on networks.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

Health promotion is an essential ingredient of all health services. Planned health services should utilize the health promotion conduits as means for gaining acceptance.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1989/90	1990/91
P.Y.	. 5	.5
SALARYAND TRAVEL	\$000's 27	27

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: IMPACT ON CONSUMER SERVICES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SERVICES

DESCRIPTION:

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Research to identify anticipated requirements for consumer services in:

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- business 1 icensing (vendor), (insurance)
- professional licensing
- lotteries
- consumer information/compla ints

MILESTONES:

- six month period of time to conduct research and gather statistics in other known areas (eg. Alaska) for purposes of licensing requirements, conduct of lotteries and consumer related problems.
- six month period for research into community response to development; ie. increase in consumer and landlord/tenant problems; and development of recommendations to meet needs during post-development period.

EXPECTED RESULTS:

Provision of adequate and effective consumer protection and information services. $\ _{\star}$

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

As development proceeds, requirement for consumer services, particularly in regulated areas such as licensing of busineses and professionals, will be immediate, as opposed to long term. Provision of consumer education and complaint-handling services will extend over the longer term.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

198.5/37 - One person year - \$64,000.00

PRIORITY: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: RESOURCE INVENTORY OF SOCIAL SERVICES

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

OBJECTIVE:

To develop an inventory of available social service resources in order to have information available for the expanding population.

DESCRIPTION:

In a rapidly developing area it is necessary for the people in the communities as well as the social service professionals to identify the human service resources available.

RELATIONSHIPS TO OTHER PROJECTS:

The Social Service Base Study would develop the parameters for this study. There would also be a relationship with other Departments ie. housing; local government (recreation).

MILESTONES:

The final product of an inventory of previous available, would be available for the entire government and all affected communities.

This project would be a short duration project.

Year 1: Contract let out and information collected! and final report produced.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

	1990/91
P.Y'.	-
SALARY	_
0 & M	2
TOTAL \$000's	2

PRIORITIES: NOT PRIORIZED

TITLE: JOB INVENTORY FOR THE HANDICAPPED

RESPONSIBLE AGENCY: GNWT - SOCIAL SERVICES

OBJECTIVE:

To develop a Job inventory that would 1 ist appropriate positions for person with impaired physical or mental abil ity.

DESCRIPTION:

In conjunction with industry and private business, positions would be assessed in terms of abilities required as well as safety factors involved.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER PROJECTS:

This project would be related closely with 1abour force and manpower survey work being proposed by the Department of Economic Development and Tourism as well as industry's programs.

MILESTONES:

This would be a late term project of less than one year's duration.

RESOURCES REQUIRED:

1989/90

P.Y.
SALARY
0 & M 10

TOTAL \$000's 10

SUMMARY "D.* LATE TERM PROJECTS NOT PRIORIZED

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PLAWING REQUIREMENTS

1984-85 TO 1990-91

GO	GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES			RESEARCH & PLANNING RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS											
				1984-85	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-98	1990-91					
PR	ROJECT TITLE :	NOT PRIORIZED	START / DURATION	PY \$000'S	PY \$000'S	PY \$868'S	PY_%000′_s.	PY_ \$009/S		PY\$8881S					
	MPACTS ON NATIVE NUTRITIONAL RACTICES		89/90 2yrs												
HE	EALTH PROMOTION STUDIES		89/90 2yrs						.5 38 .5 27	.2 16					
IM	IPACT ON CONSUMER SERVICES		86/87 lyr			1 64			.0	2.					
	ESOURCE INVENTORY OF SOCIAL Ervices		90/91 lyr							- 2					
JO 	DB INVENTORY FOR THE HANDICAPPED		89/90 lyr						10						
ТО	DTAL LATE TERM (PERSON YEARS) (\$000'S)					1 64			1 57	.7 45					

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SUMMARY OF GNWT PROJECTS APPROVED AT COORDINATOR'S MEETING 8/9/83

NOGAP RESEARCHANDPLANNING REQUIREMENTS

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1984-85 TO 1998-91

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GOV	GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES			19	1984-85 1985-86			RESEARCH & PLANN 1986-87		ING RESOURCE 1987-88		REQUIREMENT 1988-89		ΓS 19s9-9e		1998-91			
PRC	DJECT TITLE:	GNUT PR1ORITY		S T A R T OURAT ION		/ \$000 'S	PY	● eBe's	PY	\$000'S	PY	\$000′S	PY	\$000'S	PY \$	000'S	PY\$	000′S	
HYDI	ROCARBON COORDINATOR	1	84/85	7yrs	1	65	1	65	1	65	1	65	1	65	1	65	1	65	
	DS FOR INUVIKAND TUK TO IDENTIFY ACTS AND PLAN FOR DEVELOPMENT	2	84/85	7yrs	1	234	1	314	1	44a	1	36's	1	314	1 3	41	1	341	
SOC	IAL SERVICES BASESTUDY	3	84/85	7×rs	1.5	210	3	370	3	370	4	536	4	530	4 5	30 1	. 5 2	210	
GUII	DELINES FOR R/R PLANNING	4	84/85	4yrs	2	104	2	99	2	99	2	99							
	ELOPMENT OF MUNICIPAL TRAINING KAGES	5	84/85	Zyrs	.5	59	.5	59	. 5	43	.5	43	.5	43	.5 43	3	.5 4	43	
	HNICAL ASSISTANCE TO COMMUNITY NCILS AND STAFF	6	84/85	7yrs	. 5	37	. 5	37	.5	37	.5	37	.5	37	.5 3′	7	.5	37	
	EARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT ON VISION OF MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE	7	84/85	3×rs	-	107	_	138		117									App
	SIBILITY OF SUPPLYINGÜIL/GAS TO MUNITIES	8	(PROJE	ECT NOT SUP	PORT	ED BY COOL	3D I	HATÚRS)											Appendix 2
SOC	10-ECONOMIC MONITOR ING SYSTEM	9	84/85	4 / n =	1	6 5	1	5 5	ر	35	.5	35							2
INVI	ESTIGATION OF BOOM/BUSTCYCLES	10	84/65	1yr	1	o5													
	CARESTUDY FOR SHIFT AND ATIONAL WORKERS	11	84/85	i /r	-	1 è													

SUMMARY Contid

NOGAP RESEARCH AND PLANNING REQUIREMENTS

1994-85 TO 1999-91

GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORI		RES	SEARCH & PLAN	NING RESOURC	E REQUIREMEN	TS			
			1584-85	1985-86	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90	1990-91
PROJECT TITLE:	GNUT PRIGRITY	START / DURATION	— PY \$000′S	PY \$888 S	PY \$000'S	PY \$000'S	PY \$000'S	PY \$808'S	PY\$000'S
RESEARCH TO DEVELOP A TRAINING PROGRAM FOR SOCIAL SERVICE MORESPS	12	64 85 Dans	.5 94	.5 10°					
DEMELOPMENT OF ACCEPTABLE PAYMENT SYSTEM	1.3	PROJECT NOT SUP	POPTED B: CO	OPDINATORS					
MILDLIFE HARMEST STATISTICS	‡ 4	34 85 5-rs	1.5 79	1 57	1 54	1 54	1 54 (RE	DUCED 50% BY	COORDINATO
DETERRENT STUDIES	i e	54/65 Birs	1 26	1	1 71				
INVESTIGATE RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITI OF INDUSTRY AND GOVERNMENT RE: HIGHWAYS	Es 15	980JECT NOC 308	POPTED BY CO	्र स्वाम्ब्या क्रिस्ट					
ACCELERATED HIGHWARS FLAHHIIM		RUS 104 TS36099	F)FTEL E. LU	SELLATOR:					
RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT OF NEW COMMUNITIES	1.8	SHERORTED AS CU	Nálhes (ITH)	FRIGHTT)	1867 #7				

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NOGAP RESEARCH AND FLANNING REQUIREMENTS

 		<u>1984-8</u>	85 TO 1998-9	<u>1</u>												
GOVERNMENT OF THE NORTHUEST TERRITORIES				RESEARCH & PLANNING RESOURCE REQUIREMENTS												
			1984-85	19	85-86 1		86-87	19	987-88	19	88-89	1989-90	989-90	199	0-91	
 PROJECT TITLE:	GNWT PRIORITY	START / DURAT10N	PY \$000'S	PY	\$000'S	PY	\$000'S	 P\	/ \$000′S	 PY	/ \$000'S	 P\	/ \$000 'S	PY\$	800′S	
RESEARCH AND POLICY DEVELOPMENT ON LAND DEVELOPMENT IN RAP1OLY GROWING COMMUNITIES	19	85/86 lyr			160											
WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT	20	85/86 3yrs		1	60	1	68	1	60							
EASELINE STUDIES	21	85/86 4yrs		5	715	5	597	4	484	3	319					
 SOC IAL AND ECONOMIC STUDIES OF APROVINCIAL NATURE	NGT PRIORIZED	(THE COO !? 85/86 6yrs	DINATORSDEC		TO ALLOC 242	ATE -	\$2 MILLIO 506	ON (5 M) -	LLION TOT 403	4L -	REQUESTE 400	•	103	
TOTAL FUNDSSUPPORTEDBY COORDINATORS:	BY YEAR BY TOTAL 7 YEAR PRO)GRAM	1205 1 2 , 2 8 1	(or	2561 \$12,218,0	900	2502		2033		1765		1416		799	

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CURRICULUM VITAE

NAME :

Lorne E. Matthews

DATE OF BIRTH:

April 19, 1946

EDUCATION:

University of Manitoba

Bachelor of Architecture 1970

CAREER

 $\mathbf{Mr}.$ Matthews has over 13 years experience in the planning/architectural field at the municipal, provincial/territorial, national and international levels. He has worked 4 years in the private sector and 9 years in government, the last 8 of which have been in the Northwest Territories.

NORTHERN EXPERIENCE

-Head of Regional Planning (1975-1978)

-Regional Planning Coordinator (1978-1979)

-Secretary - Resource Development Committee (1979-1981)

-Regional Planning Advisor (1981-present)

Delta Regional -GNWT Coordinator of Mackenzie (A Joint Federal/Territorial Plan; 1975-1977 Planning Program)

-GNWT Coordinator of Beaufort Sea Development Infrastructure Analysis; 1980 (Joint GNWT/ Dome Project)
-GNWT Representative - Beaufort Sea Task Force;

1980-1981

-GNWT Coordinator/Manager of Federal Northern Oil and Gas Activities Program (NOGAP)

-GNWT Representative on Environmental Studies Revolving Fund (ESRF) Social Issues North Study Committee

OTHER

Mr. Matthews has travelled and worked throughout the NWT. He has extensive experience in multicultural and development situations in the Caribbean, Central America, Southeast Asia, Western Europe and Western Canada and has lived in Jamaica, Britain and Malaysia.